e-authentication guidelines for eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service

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Change History

1. Introduction

Under the Information Technology Act, 2000 and Rules made thereunder, the Digital Signature Certificates (DSCs) are being issued by Certifying Authorities (CA) on successful verification of the identity and address credentials of the applicant. To begin with, these guidelines are intended to be operated by CAs for e-authentication service through e-KYC mentioned in the Second Schedule of Information Technology Act, 2000. CA may use the same physical infrastructure and manpower resources for e-authentication purposes. Security requirements for this service should be at the same level as being currently maintained by the CA. Further, the Audit of the e-authentication shall be included in the audit of CA facilities. The Trusted Third Party eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service of CA is referred as eSign Service Provider (ESP) in this document.

2. ESP Requirements

2.1 REQUIREMENTS FOR e-AUTHENTICATION USING AADHAAR E-KYC SERVICES

- 1) e-authentication user should have 12 digit Aadhaar Number
- 2) Application Service Provider should have gone through an approval process of ESP and should have agreement between them.
- 3) ESP should function as AUA and e-KYC agent of UIDAI

2.2 AUTHENTICATION AND DSC APPLICATION FORM

- The mode of e-authentication should be biometric or OTP in accordance with Aadhaar e-KYC Services
- 2) Aadhaar e-KYC service should provide digitally signed information that contains name, address, email id(optional), mobile phone number (optional), photo and response code to applicant and the same should be shared with ESPs with the consent of applicant.
- 3) The response code, which is preserved online for six months from the date of its generation and further two years offline by UIDAI, should be recorded on the application form (Form C of Schedule IV) and included in the DSC as well.
- 4) DSC application form is to be electronically generated after successful authentication of DSC applicant by Aadhaar e-KYC services.
- 5) The application form should programmatically be filled with the digitally signed information received from by Aadhaar e-KYC services.
- 6) The filled-in application form should be preserved. The following events should be recorded
 - Response code (e-KYC)
 - Authentication logs
 - Communication with CAs for Certificate issuance
 - Activation mechanism for Digital Signature
- 7) The consent of the subscriber for getting a Digital Signature Certificate should be obtained electronically.

2.3 SECURITY PROCEDURE FOR KEY-PAIR GENERATION

- 1) ESP should facilitate generation of key pairs on their Hardware Security Module. The key pairs shall be unique to the subscriber. The private key will be destroyed after one time use
- 2) The private key of the subscriber shall be secured by Hardware security module (HSM) in accordance with FIPS 140-2 level 3 recommendations for Cryptographic Modules Validation List.
- 3) HSM of ESP should be separate from that of CAs for DSC issuance.

2.4 CERTIFICATE ISSUANCE

- 1) The validity of the certificate shall be not more than 30 minutes for one time use only so revocation and suspension services will not be applicable vis-à-vis such certificates.
- 2) On successful key generation (III above), the Certificate Signing Request is sent to CA by ESP for issuing the DSC.
- 3) The DSC should be published in the Repository maintained by CA.

2.5 AUTHENTICATION OF ELECTRONIC RECORD BY APPLYING DIGITAL SIGNATURE

- 1) The consent of the applicant for digital signing of electronic record would have already been obtained electronically. (ref II (7) above)
- 2) Subscriber should be given an option to reject the Digital Signature Certificate.

2.6 EVIDENCE REQUIREMENTS

- 1) Digital Signature Certificate issuance: Record all relevant information concerning the e-authentication of DSC applicant for generation of key pair and subsequent certification functions for a minimum period of 7 years (ref *The Information Technology (Certifying Authorities) Rules, 2000*, Rule 27), in particular for the purpose of providing evidence for certification purposes. Such electronic record should be preserved accordingly in secure environment.
- 2) Digital Signature creation: Record all relevant information concerning the e-authentication of subscriber for accessing the key pair for a minimum period of 2 years, in particular for the purpose of providing evidence of Digital signature creation. Such electronic record should be preserved accordingly in secure environment.

2.7 ESSENTIAL SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

1	Identification and Authentication		
1.1	eSign xml request and response should be as per the eSign API specification.		
	The communication between ASP and ESP should be secured (e.g. SSL, VPN, etc).		
	Aadhaar OTP request can be made directly by ASP to UIDAI or via ESP. OTP request must		
	comply with Aadhaar Request OTP API specifications.		

1.2	eSign Request to ESP	
	The Aadhaar number + biometric/OTP should be captured and encrypted by ASP front-end	
	application into PID block and Aadhaar Auth XML must be formed as per UIDAI	
	specifications	
	The eSign xml request formed by ASP using the PID block should be digitally signed prior	
	to send it to ESP eSign API	
1.3	ESP should verify ASP's digital signature on each eSign xml request received	
1.5	eKYC Request to UIDAI	
	The eKYC XML should be formed by ESP as per UIDAI eKYC specifications	
	prior to sending it to KSA	
	KSA should validate input and ensure Aadhaar eKYC API structure compliance	
4.4	before forwarding the KYC XML to Aadhaar KYC API	
1.4	eKYC response to ESP	
	After successful authentication of the Aadhaar holder by Aadhaar KYC service, the	
	response containing demographic details and photograph in XML format should be	
	digitally signed and encrypted by UIDAI as per Aadhaar eKYC specifications.	
1.5	Certification request to CA	
	ESP should form a digitally signed Certificate Generation Request with ESP's key	
	prior to sending it to CA system.	
	The CA system should accept only digitally signed Certificate Signing Request	
	(CSR) from designated ESP systems over a secure link	
1.6	Certification response to ESP	
	CA system shall be configured to issue only Aadhaar eKYC class end entity individual digital	
	signature certificates.	
1.7	eSign Response	
	The eSign xml response formed by ESP should be digitally signed prior to sending	
	it to ASP	
1.8	OTP request and Response through ESP	
	OTP request, either sent directly or sent via ESP, shall conform to Aadhaar OTP	
	request API specifications.	
1.9	Gateway options	
1.9.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	When gateway is used, ASP should send eSign API request XML signed using	
	ASP's key .	
1.9.2	eSign response - Gateway to ASP	
	Gateway should forward response to ASP without any modifications	
2	Domain Separation	
	The ESP systems used for Aadhaar KYC service request and response should be	
	different from ESP systems used to communicate with CA servers.	
	The end user key generation and management systems of ESP should be separate	
	The one user key generation and management systems of LST should be separate	

	from CA systems in use for issuing end user certificate.		
	The CA system used for issuing Aadhaar eKYC class based DSCs should be		
	independent of CA systems used for other classes of DSCs.		
3	Cryptographic Requirements		
	Key Generation of user should happen on HSM and also should be secured by		
	HSM		
	The private key of the user should be secured by Hardware security module		
	(HSM) in accordance with FIPS 140-2 level 3 recommendations for Cryptographic		
	Modules Validation List		

2.8 Physical, procedural and personnel security ESP should deploy trustworthy systems and employ trusted personal for eSign online electronic signature service.

3. Audit Logging Procedures

Audit log files shall be generated for all events relating to the security of the eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service. Where possible, the security audit logs shall be automatically collected. Where this is not possible, a logbook, paper form, or other physical mechanism shall be used. All security audit logs, both electronic and non-electronic, shall be retained and made available during compliance audits. The security audit logs for each auditable event defined in this section shall be maintained in accordance with Section below.

3.1 Types of Events Recorded

All security auditing capabilities of the operating system and the applications required shall be enabled. As a result, most of the events identified in the table shall be automatically recorded. At a minimum, each audit record shall include the following (either recorded automatically or manually for each auditable event):

- 1. The type of event,
- 2. The date and time the event occurred,
- 3. Success or failure where appropriate, and
- 4. The identity of the entity and/or operator that caused the event.

The following events shall be audited:

Auditable Event/Audit Criteria (ESP)		
SECURITY AUDIT		
Any changes to the Audit parameters, e.g., audit frequency, type of event audited		
Any attempt to delete or modify the Audit logs		
LOGICAL ACCESS		
Successful and unsuccessful attempts to assume a role		
The value of maximum number of authentication attempts is changed		
The number of unsuccessful authentication attempts exceeds the maximum authentication attempts		
during user login		
An Administrator unlocks an account that has been locked as a result of unsuccessful authentication		

Auditable	Event/A	ndit (riteria ((ESP)
Auditable	LVCHUA	uuii 🕻	JIIICHA	

attempts

An Administrator changes the type of authenticator, e.g., from a password to a biometric

KEY GENERATION

Generation of Signing Key Pair for users

Deletion of key pair after signature

SECURING KEY

Securing user Signing private key

Retrieval of user Signing private key for usage

ESIGN- ONLINE ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE SERVICES

All eSign- Online Electronic Signature Signing requests received from ASP

All Biometric/OTP e-KYC response received from CIDR of UIDAI

All electronic DSC Application Form Generated

Proof of user's consent for

- Aadhaar authentication, key pair generation,
- DSC application form submission to CA,
- -Generate CSR based on the digitally signed information received from Aadhaar e-KYC services
- -signature generation on the hash submitted

Mechanism Implemented for acceptance of DSC by subscriber

Communication to CA in respect of Certification.

Response sent to ASP

ESSENTIAL SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

Identification and Authentication as per 1 of 2.7

Domain Separation as per 2 of 2.7

Cryptographic Requirements 3. of 2.7

ACCOUNT ADMINISTRATION

Roles and users are added or deleted

The access control privileges of a user account or a role are modified

eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service API

All changes to the eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service API

MISCELLANEOUS

Appointment of an individual to a Trusted Role

Designation of personnel for multiparty control

Installation of the Operating System

Installation of the eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service Application

Installation of hardware cryptographic modules

Removal of hardware cryptographic modules

Destruction of cryptographic modules

Zeroization of cryptographic modules

System Startup

Logon attempts to eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service Application

Receipt of hardware / software

Attempts to set passwords

Attempts to modify passwords

Back up of the internal eSign Services database

Restoration from back up of the internal eSign Services database

File manipulation (e.g., creation, renaming, moving)

Access to the internal eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service database

Re-key of the eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service signing certificate

CONFIGURATION CHANGES

Auditable Event/Audit Criteria (ESP)		
Hardware		
Software		
Operating System		
Patches		
Security Profiles		
PHYSICAL ACCESS / SITE SECURITY		
Personnel Access to room housing eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service		
Access to the eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service		
Known or suspected violations of physical security		
ANOMALIES		
Software error conditions		
Software check integrity failures		
Receipt of improper messages		
Misrouted messages		
Network attacks (suspected or confirmed)		
Equipment failure		
Electrical power outages		
Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) failure		
Obvious and significant network service or access failures		
Violations of eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service		

Auditable Event/ Audit Criteria(ESP)
REPORTS
Agreement between ESP-UIDAI and its Compliance audit report
Report of Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Test
Agreement between ESP-ASP
Compliance audit report of ASP
Any other applicable agreements and its compliance reports

Apart from the auditing of CA in compliance with IT Act ,its rules, regulations and guidelines, the following events shall be audited in respect of eSign service:

Auditable Event/ Audit Criteria(CA) SECURITY AUDIT The isolation of CA system used for issuing Aadhaar eKYC class from the CA system used for issuing other classes of DSCs as per 7(1) Digitally signed Certificate Signing Request (CSR) from ESP systems as mentioned as 7(2) Ensuring no DSCs other than Aadhaar eKYC class of certificates are issued from ESP in accordance with 7(3) Secure communication between ESP and CA system as specified in 7(4)

3.1.1 Frequency of Processing Audit Logs

Frequency of ESP audit log processing shall be in accordance with the requirements set for the CAs in Section 5.4.2 of the [CCACP].

3.1.2 Retention Period for Audit Logs

The minimum retention periods for archive data are listed below for the various assurance levels.

Assurance Level	Archive Retention Period
Aadhaar-eKYC - OTP	7 Years
Aadhaar-eKYC - biometric	7 Years

If the original media cannot retain the data for the required period, a mechanism to periodically transfer the archived data to new media shall be defined. Applications required to process the archive data shall also be maintained for the minimum retention period specified above

3.1.3 Protection of Audit Logs

Protection of ESP audit log shall be in accordance with the requirements set for the CAs in Section 5.4.4 of the [CCACP].

3.1.4 Audit Log Backup Procedures

Audit logs and audit summaries shall be archived per Section 3.2.1.

3.1.5 Audit Collection System (internal vs. external)

ESP audit collection requirements shall be in accordance with the requirements set for the CAs in Section 5.4.6 of the [CCACP].

3.2 Records Archival

3.2.1 Types of Records Archived

ESP's archival of records shall be sufficiently detailed to establish the proper operation of the ESP Service or the validity of any signature generated by ESP.

Data To Be Archived (CA Or ESP)	
Contractual obligations	
System and equipment configuration	
Modifications and updates to system or configuration	
eSign- Digital Signature signing requests	
User's Digital Signature and Certificate	
Response received from Aadhaar e-KYC Services and DSC application form	
Record of eSign- Digital Signature signing Re-key	
All Audit Logs	
All Audit Log Summaries	
Other data or applications to verify archive contents	
Compliance audit reports	

3.2.2 Retention Period for Archive

The archive retention period for ESP Service shall be the same as those listed for CA in Section 5.5.2 of the [CCACP].

3.2.3 Protection of Archive

Protection of ESP Service archives shall be the same as those listed for CA in Section 5.5.3 of the [CCACP].

3.2.4 Archive Backup Procedures

No Stipulation.

3.2.5 Requirements for eSign-Online Electronic Signature Service records

Archived records shall be time stamped such that order of events can be determined.

3.2.6 Archive Collection System (internal or external)

No stipulation.

3.2.7 Business Continuity Capabilities after a Disaster

In the case of a disaster whereby a ESP Service installation is physically damaged and all copies of the eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service Signing Key are destroyed as a result, the eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service shall reestablish services as soon as practical

3.2.8 Archival Format.

The Form C should be archived in machine readable or human readable format (XML or PDF) with a digital signature of ESP. The forms should be versioned and stored to provide a complete history of compliance.CA must have managed process for creating, maintaining, and verifying archive. The XML schema for archiving Form C is as given below

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<FormC>
  <ClassOfCertificate></ClassOfCertificate>
  <EkycResponseCode></EkycResponseCode>
  <ApplicationDate> </ApplicationDate>
  <ApplicantDetails>
    <ApplicantAadhaar> </ApplicantAadhaar>
    <ApplicantName></ApplicantName>
    <ApplicantEmail> </ApplicantEmail>
    <ApplicantMobile> </ApplicantMobile>
    <ApplicantAddress> </ApplicantAddress>
    <ApplicantPhoto></ApplicantPhoto>
  </ApplicantDetails>
  <Signature xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#">
  </Signature>
</FormC>
```

4 eSign- Digital Signature Certificate and Profiles

4.1 eSign- Digital Signature Certificate Profile

eSign- Online Digital Signature Certificate profile is detailed in the CCA's Digital Signature Interoperability Guidelines document.

The end-user Digital Signature Certificates issued by CA should contain the following fields specific to eSign-Online Electronic Signature service

Sn.	Attribute	Definition	
1.	Common Name	"Name of the person as in Aadhaar e-KYC response"	
2.	Unique Identifier	This attribute shall be used for SHA 256 hash of Aadhaar ID for individuals	
3.	Pseudonym	Response code in the case of Aadhaar e-KYC Service (Mandatory) (2.5.4.65 - id-at-pseudonym)	

5. eSign API

The communication between Application service provider and ESP should operate in accordance with eSign API Specifications to provide eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service

6. On boarding Process and Agreement

Any legal entity registered in India should refer to on-boarding process manual before applying to integrate eSign- Online Electronic Signature Service in their application. ASP should apply ESP for enabling online Electronic Signature on its application as per the application form mentioned in the on-boarding process manual. The ESP should allow access to ASPs only after fulfilling the criteria mentioned in the on-boarding process manual. An agreement, as given in the on-boarding process manual, should be executed between ESP and ASP

7. CA REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The CA system used for issuing Aadhaar eKYC class based DSCs should be independent of CA systems used for other classes of DSCs.
- 2. The CA system should accept only digitally signed Certificate Signing Request (CSR) from designated ESP systems over a secure link.
- 3. CA system shall be configured to issue only Aadhaar eKYC class end entity individual digital signature certificates.
- 4. ESP shall be allowed access to CA systems only for submitting CSR for issuance of Aadhaar eKYC classes of DSCs to be used for eSign.

8.0 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR eSign SERVICE WITH ORGANIZATIONAL IDENTITY

- 1) The pre-requisite for organisational person certificate to be used eSign online electronic signature service is that the organizational person should be an Aadhaar holder.
- 2) The organization proposing to use organisational person certificate in eSign online electronic signature service—needs to maintain a pre-verified organisational person's database. ESP should not accept—such authorization beyond 40days.
- 3) CA should carryout verification of existence of organisation and it's authorized signatory's identity as mentioned in 2,2,2,3 or 2.4 of the Identity Verification guidelines
- 4) The DSC of the authorized signatory should be registered with ESP and should be mapped with the name of the verified organisation

- 5) The eSign API request to ESP should contain details of the organizational person with name, designation, organisational details. This information should be digitally signed by authorized signatory of organization.
- 6) ESP should the generate the DSC application form as per FORM C of Schedule IV of Information Technology Act
- 7) The digitally signed KYC information should be archived along with other details mentioned in the section 8.1
- 8) The DSC should contain organisational address of the Aadhaar holder instead of residential address
- 9) In addition to the requirements of the end-user Digital Signature Certificates issued by CA, in the subject field of the DSC should House Identifier, Street Address, State / Province, Postal Code, Organizational Unit (OU), Organization (O) as per format mentioned for organisational person Digital Signature Certificate

8.1 Archival format for Organisational person certificate using eSign service

The XML schema for archiving Form C is as given below

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<FormC>
  <ClassOfCertificate></ClassOfCertificate>
  <EkycResponseCode></EkycResponseCode>
  <ApplicationDate> </ApplicationDate>
  <ApplicantDetails>
    <ApplicantAadhaar> </ApplicantAadhaar>
    <ApplicantName></ApplicantName>
    <ApplicantEmail> </ApplicantEmail>
    <ApplicantMobile> </ApplicantMobile>
    <ApplicantAddress> </ApplicantAddress>
    <ApplicantPhoto></ApplicantPhoto>
  </ApplicantDetails>
<OrganizationDetails>
       <PersonInfo>
                <Aadhaar></Aadhaar>
               <ApplicantName></ApplicantName>
                <Designation></Designation>
                <ApplicantPan></ApplicantPan>
       </PersonInfo>
        <OrgInfo>
                <OragnisationName></OragnisationName>
                <OrganisationUnit></OrganisationUnit>
                <OrganisationAddress>
                        <Street></Street>
                        <State></State>
                       <Pincode></Pincode>
                </OrganisationAddress>
```

```
</OrgInfo>
</OrganizationDetails>
<Signature xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#">
</Signature>
</FormC>
```

8.2 Auditable Events

The following events should be audited

Auditable Event/Audit Criteria (ESP)
ESIGN- ONLINE ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE SERVICES
Signature of authorised signatory in the organizational Information
Acceptance authorised signatory's signature beyond 40 days

Change History

SL	DATE	SECTION	MODIFICATION		
1	09.04.2015	2.3(2)	Existing: The private key of the subscriber shall be stored in		
			Hardware security module (HSM)		
			Modified: The private key of the subscriber shall be secured		
			by Hardware security module (HSM)		
2.	21.05.2015	7.	1.Existing: Prior to DSC issuance, CA systems should programmatically verify to confirm the DSC issued through Aadhaar eKYC service is only for intended purpose and nothing else Modified: CA system shall be configured to issue only Aadhaar eKYC class end entity individual digital signature certificates. 2.Existing: The CA system should accept only digitally signed Certificate Signing Request (CSR) from designated ESP systems over a dedicated link. Modified: The CA system should accept only digitally signed Certificate Signing Request (CSR) from designated ESP systems over a secure link.		
3.	21.05.2015	2.7	Addition: 2.7 ESSENTIAL SECURITY REQUIREMENTS		
4	21.05.2015	3.1	3.1 Types of Events Recorded		
			CA & ESP Auditable events are separated		
5	21.05.2015	2.6	2.6 EVIDENCE REQUIREMENTS		
6	23.06.2015	2.7 - 1.6	Heading added Existing: Prior to DSC issuance and sending response to		
O O	25.00.2013	2.7 1.0	EXISTING: Prior to DSC Issuance and sending response to ESP, CA systems should programmatically verify to confirm the DSC issued through Aadhaar eKYC service is only for intended purpose and nothing else Modified: CA system shall be configured to issue only Aadhaar eKYC class end entity individual digital signature certificates.		
7	23.06.2015	2.3 -1	Existing: The key pairs are generated after Aadhaar eKYC based authentication which is unique to the subscriber.		
Vorsis	 n 1.0 to 1.2 –M	odifications	Modified: The key pairs shall be unique to the subscriber.		
v ersio	n 1.0 to 1.2 –NI	ounications			
8	07.06.2016	3.1	In auditable events, the applicability columns have been deleted.		
9	07.06.2016	3.1	Auditable Event/ Audit Criteria(ESP) reports added		
10	07.06.2016	8	section 8 added		
11	07.06.2016	27	ESSENTIAL SECURITY REQUIREMENTS 1.9.2, 1.9.3 deleted		
12	07.06.2016	2.7	In 1.1, "The communication between ASP and ESP should be encrypted " modified to "The communication between ASP and ESP should be secured"		